

Table 2. Summary of complaints, investigations, and other issues related to Green Pest Management.

STATE	COMPLAINTS	INVESTIGATIONS	OTHER ISSUES
Alabama			Possible amendment to address Integrated Pest Management in schools, nursing homes, and other sensitive environments
Connecticut			Confusion/belief that “green products” are not pesticides
California		No information provided	
Florida		Unlicensed company advertising “green” pest control, required to become licensed	
Hawaii	Advertising regarding a microwave device		
Maine			Unlicensed use of 25(b) products, safety claims fo 25(b) products, use of unregistered 25(b) products
Maryland			Concern about whether “green products” are efficacious
New York	Yes (no other information provided)	Enforcement actions regarding improper labeling and sale of 25(b) products and pesticidal claims for “compost tea”	Department is looking to implement an “Organic Lawn Care” programs, which would be voluntary based on a contract, could expand to organic structural control standards.
Ohio			Use of Non-Registered home remedies/organic pest control products by Non-Licensed Pesticide Application Businesses for hire. Use of corn gluten from a feed mill by a lawn care company for crabgrass prevention. The corn gluten product is not registered as a pesticide and has no use directions on the bag since it is distributed by the feed mill as a feed additive. The lawn care company is not licensed to apply pesticides for hire and informs their customers that they are applying this product to prevent crabgrass emergence as a natural organic pesticide.
Washington		Several companies have used “non-toxic” in their advertising	